

## THE ADVOCATE.

Progress Among the New Things in Tobacco Culture.

I wish to call attention to what is known as "Leaf Curing," that is, beginning at the bottom and gathering the good leaves, from two to four at a time, as they mature and are ready for curing.

Tobacco should always be planted as early as possible, and on quick, rich soil, with plenty of vegetable mould and manure of some kind in the land. With a favorable season you can begin to gather the leaves in from sixty to seventy days. This should be done in baskets prepared for the purpose, and with care not to bruise. They are carried to the house and then taken from the baskets and hung on sticks or strings. By far the best device that I know of being the Snow Stick, indeed, I do not see how this can be improved on. In a week or two these same plants will be ready for another gathering of leaves, and so on to the end of the season.

Now, I do not speak of this matter from hearsay or reading, but from actual trial and experience. After a thorough test of it during the past curing season I unhesitatingly pronounce it the best method I have ever seen, tried or heard of for housing tobacco. It cures better and more quickly. You can begin by the 15th of July to house your crop, and instead of having to crowd this work into a very short time, as is usual, you have almost the entire summer for it. You will make more pounds to the acre than you can possibly do by the old process. You will not decrease the weight of the leaf. You will reduce the risk of loss from frost to a minimum. You will give employment to a class of labor heretofore unemployed.

Without doubt this is a departure from old methods in the line of progress; it is the great change, the new process that will give us a much higher grade of tobacco. I cannot too strongly urge my brother planters not to pass it by, but to look into it, study it, and you will adopt it. You can not afford to be left by all other sections in the improvements that are taking place, in the varieties, the culture, and the methods of handling and curing this staple crop.—(Edmond R. Coche in Western Tobacco Journal.)

The above is from a man who raised 1500 lbs. per acre on ten acres and realized \$55 per hundred for it.

The Farmers' Alliance of the second Congressional district met a day or two ago at Henderson to complete its district organization begun at a previous meeting at Maysville. Politics of course came up, and the result of the deliberations on that subject is given in the Owensboro Messenger.

"The matter of political endorsements was discussed at some length, but, though some of the delegates favored it, it was decided to let the matter drop, and after the first mention of it nothing more was said about it by anybody. The legislative question was discussed at more length, and there more in favor of taking action on it than there were of those who wanted to interfere in the race for State offices. The general idea of this side was to adopt resolutions such as have been adopted in some of the sub-unions declaring that no Alliance man should support any man for office who should submit his claims to either of the old parties." As has so frequently been the case the non-political element prevailed, and nothing was done in this direction."

## MOUTH STRETCHERS.

A fowl proceeding—the promenading hen.

Among sidewalk tradesmen business is at its best when it comes to a stand.

Men who begin bravely at the foot of the ladder are knocked out at the first round.

When a woman becomes a suffragist somehow she looks as though she carries a pistol.

"All's fair in love and war and on street cars," said the conductor as he counted up his fares.

The fact that riches have wings may be the reason that they enable a man to fly high.

It is curious about people who can not sleep nights. They can always sleep through chlore time in the morning.

Sarcasm is an effective weapon, but it acts like a boomerang when it is applied to his landlady by the young man who is two weeks behind in paying his board.

Those who are frequent sufferers from indigestion should keep on hand the following mixture: Menthol, one drachm; alcohol, eight drachms. In many instances if this is applied freely to the aching parts the relief will be immediate.

"Charlie, see the sun is just going to bed," said a mother, pointing to the western sky, glowing with beautiful colors.

"Oh," cried little Charlie, "what a beautiful bed kit he has."

## MEDICAL.

## CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. Adams, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTIN, D. D., Late Pastor Bloomingdale Reformed Church, New York City.

"Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Eruption, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication." EDWIN F. PARKER, M. D., "The Windsor," 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARKER, M. D., "The Windsor," 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK.

## Agricultural Notes.

Germany is credited with over seven hundred best-sugar factories.

Every year more farmers believe that moderate weights in pork pay best.

The Spring exhibition of the Massachusetts Horticultural Society was held in Boston March 31 to April 3, instead of March 25 to 27, as first announced.

Campfire trees in Florida have evolved a prophecy to the effect that the camphor-producing industry will prove important in that State at no late day. A company having for its avowed purpose the cultivation of the ramin plant and the preparation of its fibre for market, has been incorporated in California under the name of the California Ramin Company.

Neither farmer nor householder with a small garden spot should moderate the value of the garden products, especially when by seasonable attention these can be rendered available for early use. In the Northern and Central States some forcing process must be resorted to, such as the use of a hot-bed or green-house in which plants can be greatly advanced by the time it is safe to transplant in the open ground. Those who cannot avail themselves of the means mentioned may gain the same results from very simple and inexpensive methods. For instance, a sufficient number of plants of many varieties can be forced several weeks by having the seed in boxes placed indoors where the light has free access, as in kitchen or sitting-room windows. Or, when there is a furnace in one's cellar, the south and east windows therein afford a good place for the boxes, which ought to be filled with rich soil. The uncertain Spring weather, with its unexpected and oftentimes late frosts, emphasize the importance of some of the forcing methods by which plants of our choicer vegetables can be obtained in advance of the natural season. As many of the plants are all the more vigorous for transplanting, the forcing-plan affords a two-fold benefit.

## Our Very Best People

Confirm our statement when we say that Dr. Acker's English Remedy is in every way superior to any and all other preparations for the throat and lungs. In whooping cough and croup it is magic and relieves at once. We offer you a sample bottle free. Remember this remedy is sold on a positive guarantee. T. G. JULIAN.

## Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Common washing soda and boiling water should be used to rinse all the waste pipes at least once every week or ten days.

A simple means of changing the air of sickroom is to open a window at the top, and opening the door, move it back and forward rapidly, so as to insure a current of fresh air from the window.

Clothes-pins boiled a few minutes and quickly dried once or twice a month become more durable.

Tincture of benzoin will aid a bad cut in healing. Pour it on at once and bandage the wound quickly.

## Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by W. S. Lloyd.

Dodo—Budget, what do you mean when you say Smith fled out to Brown on a foul? How could he?

Budge—Oh, that's when a fellow hits you know; but girls can't understand those things.

Dodo—Well, but why do you give it such very queer names.

Budge—Gracious! I don't know, except that you can't call it anything else.—(Harper's Young People.)

Mr. Ingall's opinion that we do not need coast defenses ought to count for something, coming as it does from a man who is lying so far outside the breastworks.

The California method of drying prunes produces a lighter colored fruit than that dried by the French method, but gives a more highly flavored product. The natural color is better preserved. Both systems are used in this State; a prune which cannot be distinguished from the French article be made. The steam-heat process and cooked-fruit flavor, does not seem, to the best growers, desirable, nor demanded by the public. W. H. Aiken, of Wrights, one of the best prune-growers of the State, says that the fruit should be ripe enough to fall easily. Dip into boiling mixture of one pound lye to ten gallons of water, and so scald and crack the skins. Dip in cold water and put on trays in the sun. When dry but not hard, put in covered bins to "sweat." Dip for two minutes in boiling water; dry and pack for market. He adds, "The California sun-dried prune is delicious when stewed, while the French, being already cooked, tastes well before stewing, but is more insipid afterwards." Prunes are usually graded by a machine before they are dried. The fine finishing, or "gloss" varies with different growers. Some expose to steam, some, as Mr. Aiken, dip in hot water. Some use hot-sugar syrup, some dip in boiled prune-juice. The most prevalent practice, however, is to use hot water, with pure glycerine, one pound to twenty gallons, for a "gloss." In the California methods the saving of labor is manifest. The yield of prunes per acre is said to be larger here than in France, and the crop is handled, on the whole more cheaply.—(Am. Gardener.)

## "GOD HELP THE SURPLUS."

It will take all the gold and silver produced in the world for four years to pay the appropriations made by the Billion Dollar Congress.

All the wages of all the workers in every protected American industry for three years.

All the wages of all the workers in 1,005 cotton mills for twenty years.

All the wages paid in 1,990 woolen mills for forty years.

All the wages paid in all the glass industries for 110 years.

Our total wheat crop for 1890 will only pay one-third of it.

Our total corn crop for 1890 will only pay two-thirds of it.

"God help the surplus?" It is God help the workingman.—[New York World.]

## The First Symptoms of Death.

Tired feeling, dull headache, pains in various parts of the body, sinking at the pit of the stomach, loss of appetite, feverishness, pimples or sores, are all positive evidences of poisoned blood. No matter how it became poisoned it must be purified to avoid death. Dr. Acker's English Blood Elixir has never failed to remove scrofulous or syphilitic poison. Sold under positive guarantee. T. G. JULIAN.

Johnny—Ma, what does the word "civil" mean?

Mamma—It means gentle and polite.

Johnny—That's what I thought. I've just been reading a book on what's called the civil war. It says there were more men killed in that war than in any other. Now, I'd like to know where the civil part comes in?—[Philadelphia Times.]

After eating very heartily, or of too rich foods, and the "stomach sour," or there are feelings of heaviness, "bloating" or the like, sip a glass of water as hot as can be swallowed without scalding. This will stimulate digestion and relieve the annoying symptoms.—[Boston Journal of Health.]

Mamma—Robbie, does your ear ache?

Robert—No, mamma.

Mamma—Then why do you put cotton in it?

Robert—Well, mamma, you know you keep on telling me that I learn so little, because what goes in at one ear comes out at the other. So I've plugged the other up.—[Harper's Young People.]

## Railroad Time Tables.

## Kentucky Central R. R.

"BLUE GRASS ROUTE"

Shortest and Quickest Route

—FROM—

## CENTRAL KENTUCKY

—TO ALL POINTS—

North, East, West and Southwest.

Fast Line

—BETWEEN—

LEXINGTON &amp; CINCINNATI.

Schedule in Effect Feb'y 15, 1891.

South Bound.	No. 2 Daily Express	No. 4 Daily Fast Line	No. 6 Acorn Daily Ex. Sun
Lex Cincinnati	8 10 a m	8 00 p m	2 30 p m
Lex Covington	8 35 a m	8 25 p m	2 55 p m
Lex Falmouth	9 45 a m	9 10 p m	3 50 p m
Lex Cincinnati	10 15 a m	9 50 p m	4 50 p m
Lex Lexington	11 35 a m	10 50 p m	5 30 p m
Lex Lexington	12 10 p m	11 00 p m	6 20 p m
Lex Lexington	12 35 p m		6 50 p m
Lex Winchester	12 40 p m		6 55 p m
Lex Richmond	1 15 p m		7 20 p m
Lex Berea	2 05 p m		
Lex Lexington	3 05 p m		
Lex Lexington	3 15 p m		
Lex Lexington	4 00 p m		
Lex Corbin	4 40 p m		
Lex Corbin	5 00 p m		
Lex Bathoryville	5 25 p m		
Lex Pineville	6 31 p m		
Lex Middleburgh	7 25 p m		
Lex Cincinnati Gap	7 50 p m		
Lex Corbin	4 50 p m		
Lex Williamsburg	5 45 p m		
Lex Lexington	6 20 p m		

North Bound.	No. 1 Daily Express	No. 5 Daily Fast Line	No. 3 Daily Ex. Sun
Lex Lexington	7 00 a m		
Lex Lexington	7 10 a m		
Lex Lexington	7 20 a m		
Lex Lexington	7 30 a m		
Lex Lexington	7 40 a m		
Lex Lexington	7 50 a m		
Lex Lexington	8 00 a m		
Lex Lexington	8 10 a m		
Lex Lexington	8 20 a m		
Lex Lexington	8 30 a m		
Lex Lexington	8 40 a m		
Lex Lexington	8 50 a m		
Lex Lexington	9 00 a m		
Lex Lexington	9 10 a m		
Lex Lexington	9 20 a m		
Lex Lexington	9 30 a m		
Lex Lexington	9 40 a m		
Lex Lexington	9 50 a m		
Lex Lexington	10 00 a m		
Lex Lexington	10 10 a m		
Lex Lexington	10 20 a m		
Lex Lexington	10 30 a m		
Lex Lexington	10 40 a m		
Lex Lexington	10 50 a m		

## MAYSVILLE BRANCH.

North Bound.	No. 8 Daily Ex. Sun.	No. 11 Daily Ex. Sun.
Lex Cincinnati	2 30 p m	2 30 p m
Lex Covington	2 50 p m	2 50 p m
Lex Lexington	3 00 a m	3 00 a m
Lex Lexington	3 10 a m	3 10 a m
Lex Lexington	3 20 a m	3 20 a m
Lex Lexington	3 30 a m	3 30 a m
Lex Lexington	3 40 a m	3 40 a m
Lex Lexington	3 50 a m	3 50 a m
Lex Lexington	4 00 a m	4 00 a m
Lex Lexington	4 10 a m	4 10 a m
Lex Lexington	4 20 a m	4 20 a m
Lex Lexington	4 30 a m	4 30 a m
Lex Lexington	4 40 a m	4 40 a m
Lex Lexington	4 50 a m	4 50 a m
Lex Lexington	5 00 a m	5 00 a m
Lex Lexington	5 10 a m	5 10 a m
Lex Lexington	5 20 a m	5 20 a m
Lex Lexington	5 30 a m	5 30 a m
Lex Lexington	5 40 a m	5 40 a m
Lex Lexington	5 50 a m	5 50 a m
Lex Lexington	6 00 a m	6 00 a m

## W. E. MUNSON, Trav. Pass. Agt., Cincinnati, Ohio.

## S. R. KNOTT, C. P. ATMORE, Traffic Manager, Louisville, Ky.

## S. F. B. MORSE, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Agt., Office, Chamber of Commerce Bldg., Cin., O.

No 2—Daily to all points except Rowland D. via Lexington, daily except Sunday.

No 1—Runs daily from Lexington to Cincinnati.

No 2—Runs daily.

No 3—Runs daily from all stations except the Rowland Division, which is daily except Sunday.

No 4—Daily between Cincinnati and Lexington.

No 4b—Paris and Lexington Accommodation.

Daily Leaves Lexington 10 00 a m. Arrives Paris 10 45 a m.

No 6—Falmouth Accommodation. Leaves Cincinnati 6 10 p m. Arrives Falmouth 7 05 p m. daily except Sunday.

No 7—Leaves Falmouth 6 00 a m. Arrives Cincinnati 7 25 a m. daily except Sunday.

No 2 and 6 make connection at Winchester for points on the N. & W. V. Ry.

No 2—Carries through cars from Cincinnati to Middleburgh and Cumberland Gap and all intermediate stations and runs daily.

## OLD KENTUCKY ROUTE,

N. N. and M. V. CO., E. D.,

—SHORT LINE TO—

Washington, Philadelphia,

Baltimore, New York,

Old Point and the ea- hore.

—THE DIRECT LINE TO—

Lexington, Louisville,

St. Louis, Kansas City,

Chattanooga, Memphis

—AND ALL POINTS—

West and Northwest, South and Southwest.

IN EFFECT JANUARY 4, 1891.

East Bound.	Fast Ex. Daily.	Fast M. Daily Ex. Sun.	Acorn Daily Ex. Sun.
Lex Louisville	2 35 p m	7 45 a m	5 25 p m
Lex Lexington	3 10 p m	12 40 a m	6 35 p m
Lex Winchester	3 25 p m	12 45 a m	6 50 p m
Lex Mt. Sterling	3 35 p m	1 25 a m	7 20 p m
Lex Olive Hill	3 45 p m	2 05 a m	7 50 p m
Lex Ashland	3 55 p m	2 35 a m	8 15 p m
Lex Lexington	4 05 p m	3 05 a m	
Lex Catlettsburg	4 15 p m	3 35 a m	
Lex Lexington	4 25 p m	4 05 a m	

## West Bound.

Fast Ex. Daily.	Fast M. Daily Ex. Sun.	Acorn Daily Ex. Sun.
Lex Lexington	11 21 a m	12 50 a m
Lex Lexington	11 31 a m	1 00 a m
Lex Lexington	11 41 a m	1 10 a m
Lex Lexington	11 51 a m	1 20 a m
Lex Lexington	12 01 a m	1 30 a m
Lex Lexington	12 11 a m	1 40 a m
Lex Lexington	12 21 a m	1 50 a m
Lex Lexington	12 31 a m	2 00 a m
Lex Lexington	12 41 a m	2 10 a m
Lex Lexington	12 51 a m	2 20 a m
Lex Lexington	1 01 a m	2 30 a m
Lex Lexington	1 11 a m	2 40 a m
Lex Lexington	1 21 a m	2 50 a m
Lex Lexington	1 31 a m	3 00 a m
Lex Lexington	1 41 a m	3 10 a m
Lex Lexington	1 51 a m	3 20 a m
Lex Lexington	2 01 a m	3 30 a m
Lex Lexington	2 11 a m	3 40 a m
Lex Lexington	2 21 a m	3 50 a m
Lex Lexington	2 31 a m	4 00 a m
Lex Lexington	2 41 a m	4 10 a m
Lex Lexington	2 51 a m	4 20 a m
Lex Lexington	3 01 a m	4 30 a m
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Lex Lexington	3 41 a m	5 10 a m
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Lex Lexington	4 01 a m	5 30 a m
Lex Lexington	4 11 a m	5 40 a m
Lex Lexington	4 21 a m	5 50 a m
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Lex Lexington	5 31 a m	7 00 a m
Lex Lexington	5 41 a m	7 10 a m
Lex Lexington	5 51 a m	7 20 a m
Lex Lexington	6 01 a m	7 30 a m
Lex Lexington	6 11 a m	7 40 a m
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